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A quick look at... Adults (everyone in the Tasman region who completed the survey)

of adults in the Tasman region (91,000) take part in sport and recreation in any given week

Each year, almost

37, 37

adults volunteer in sport and recreation

Each year, around 16,300 adults (14%) take part in one or more sport and recreation events



- Other running/walking events such as half marathons, marathons and 10km races and fun runs/walks are the most popular events.

Most adults (74%)

are interested in either trying a new sport/activity or doing more of an existing one.



A quick look at... Participants

(everyone in the Tasman region who took part in sport and recreation)





Compared with all New Zealand adults, similar proportions of men and women participated in sport and recreation activities in Tasman region.



Tasman region adults participate in a similar number of activities (4.6 on average) when compared with all New Zealand adults (4.0).

What

The most popular activities are recreational in nature –





swimming





The most popular sports are –









Where

Just over 9 out of 10 participants (92%) took part in sport and recreation at one or more man-made facilities.



The most common were paths, cycleways and walkways in towns/cities (62%). Around 8 out of 10 (80%) took part in one or more natural settings, most commonly at parks in towns/cities (59%).

Over 4 out of 10 participants (44%) belong to a club or centre for the purpose of doing activities; 28% belong to a **sports club**, while 15% are members of a **gym or fitness centre**.



Hnw



Almost all participants (98%) took part in their chosen sports/activities casually, either on their own or with others, followed by 25% that took part in regular club competitions.

Over 5 out of 10 participants (55%) took part in sport and recreation activities with an organised group; this was most commonly a group arranged by the people who take part in the activity (43%).

The most common way people pay to participate is on a per visit, entry or hire basis (30%).

Just under 6 out of 10 participants (58%) **received coaching**, and almost 5 out of 10 (46%) **used instructional resources**, in the past 12 months to help improve their performance.

Why

Around 9 out of 10 participants (90%) say that **fitness and health** is the key reason for taking part in activities. A similar proportion of participants (87%) say they take part in activities for **enjoyment**.







A **lack of time** is by far the number one reason interested participants give as a reason for not doing more sport and recreation activities, either for trying a new activity (45%), or doing more of an existing activity (60%).

Introduction

This profile presents information about sports participation and volunteering among adults in the Tasman region, aged 16 years and over. It is compiled from information collected through the 2013/14 Active New Zealand Survey.

Methodology

The survey

The Active New Zealand Survey consisted of two parts:

- The first part (the Main Survey) was a 30-minute in-home interview, which asked questions around what activities adults do, how often they participate, the different way they choose to take part, where they take part and for what reasons. This part of the survey also asked questions about sport volunteering.
- The second part (the **Follow-up Survey**) was a further 10-minute interview, which asked questions around history of participation in different activities, their interest in doing more sport and recreation and whether or not they receive coaching of any kind.

Sample

The sample design for the Active New Zealand Survey (ANZS) included some geographic stratification based on the boundaries of the 17 regional sports trusts (RSTs) in existence in 2012 (the time at which the survey was developed). To ensure a minimum of interviews for some of the smaller RSTs, some of the sample was randomly reallocated from some of the larger RSTs. This approach has allowed for a complete set of regional profiles to be written. It should be noted, however, that the Sport NZ series of regional profiles does not include reports for any RST within Auckland Council boundaries. The reason for this is that Auckland Council, in partnership with Sport NZ, has written a report for this geographic area, which includes a geographic breakdown based on the four sub-regional RSTs.

Nation-wide, a total of 6,448 adults aged 16 years and over took part in the 2013/14 ANZS. The 6,448 interviews were completed over a 12-month period from April 2013 to March 2014 to capture participation in seasonal sports and activities. As not everyone selected for interviews took part, some groups (based on gender, age, ethnicity and region) were under- or over-represented in the survey

responses. To account for this, the responses in this report are adjusted, or weighted, using information on the makeup of the New Zealand population from the 2013 Census. The response rate for the Tasman region was 63%.

Of the 6,448 adults that took part in the 2013/14 ANZS, 288 were resident in the Tasman region. Table 1 shows the total number of completed interviews and weighted population numbers for the Tasman region.

Table 1: Total number of completed interviews and weighted population numbers for the Tasman region

	Number interviewed	Weighted population numbers
All adults	288	120,500
Men	115	54,700
Women	173	65,700

The numbers of sport and recreation participants that answered each question vary according to their frequency of participation in a sport and recreation activity, and/or if they took part in the **Follow-up Survey**. The unweighted bases for survey respondents that reported participating in sport and recreation activities in relation to the content of this profile report are set out in Appendix 1.

Information reported

In addition to reporting on adults in the Tasman region, this report (where possible) provides results for men and women. Sample sizes are too small to look at other subpopulations. Information which is based on sample sizes of fewer than 50 respondents is shown with an asterisk (*) in the table heading or figure legend or title.

The **text** in this report identifies whether **results** are **statistically significant** between **adults** in the **Tasman region** and **those nation-wide**, and also between **men and women** in the **Tasman region**. It should be noted that many large differences are not significant; and so the results may be described as similar. More information about the analysis and statistical significance of findings is outlined in Appendix 1.

Aktive Auckland at this point was still in its formative stages. Aktive Auckland follows the Auckland Council model and now provides regional leadership including for the four other Auckland-based RSTs – Sport Auckland, Sport Waitākere, Counties-Manukau Sport and Harbour Sport.

Where appropriate in this report, an estimate of the number of participants is included. **These population estimates** are derived using population information from the 2013 Census.

The results in this report are subject to rounding error. In some cases, percentages that should sum to 100% sum to just under or over 100%. In other cases, the estimated number of participants by sub-group (eg, men and women) may not add up to all participants.

Definition of sport

For this report, sport is defined broadly and is inclusive of the different ways people participate, from casual participation through to organised competition, and includes active recreation like going for a mountain bike ride. Participation is irrespective of intensity, duration and frequency.



In this report, the Tasman region refers to the geographic area serviced by the regional sports trust Sport Tasman.



FINDINGS

Participation in Sport and Active Recreation over Different Timeframes

This section looks at participation in sport and recreation by adults in the Tasman region over three timeframes: a year, a month and a week.

Participation in sport and recreation activities over different timeframes, including walking

Over 9 out of 10 adults aged 16 years and over in the Tasman region ((93.5%, or around 113,000 people) took part in one or more sport or recreation activities over 12 months (see Table 2). The proportions who took part in at least one activity decrease as the timeframe shortens (ie, from year to month to week):

- over 4 weeks the figure is 84.6% (102,000 adults)
- over 7 days it is 75.4% (91,000 adults).

Participation levels were similar to those for all New Zealand adults, and for men and women within Tasman region for each timeframe.

Participation in sport and recreation activities over different timeframes, excluding walking

Walking is a popular activity for most adults and influences overall participation levels. When walking is excluded from the participation figures, the proportion of adults who took part in at least one activity was lower across all three timeframes. The differences are more noticeable as the timeframes shorten.

When walking is excluded, the participation figures for all adults in the Tasman region were:

- over 12 months over 8 out of 10 (83.9%, 10 percentage points lower)
- over 4 weeks almost 7 out of 10 (66.5%, 18 percentage points lower)
- over 7 days over 5 out of 10 (53.0%, 22 percentage points lower).

Across the three timeframes, participation levels were again similar compared with all New Zealand adults and for women and men within the region (see Table 2).



Table 2: Participation in sport or recreation activities over different timeframes

	0\	er 12 month	s	C	over 4 weeks	5		Over 7 days	
	Tas	man	All NZ	Tası	man	All NZ	Tası	man	All NZ
	%	Estimated number	%	%	Estimated number	%	%	Estimated number	%
	In	Including walkin		In	Including walking		Including walking		g
All adults	93.5	113,000	94.2	84.6	102,000	85.1	75.4	91,000	74.0
Men	93.0	51,000	94.8	79.9	44,000	84.9	68.2	37,000	72.4
Women	93.9	62,000	93.7	88.5	58,000	85.3	81.3	53,000	75.5
	Excluding walking		Excluding walking		ng	Ex	xcluding walkin	g	
All adults	83.9	101,000	84.9	66.5	80,000	69.0	53.0	64,000	53.1
Men	87.0	48,000	88.6	71.9	39,000	74.5	56.7	31,000	57.4
Women	81.4	54,000	81.5	62.0	41,000	63.9	49.9	33,000	49.1



Popular Sport and Recreation Activities

This section looks at participation in different sport and recreation activities. It shows the proportion of adults in the Tasman region who participated in each activity (over 12 months), irrespective of the intensity, duration or frequency of the activity undertaken.

Figure 1 presents the 20 sport and recreation activities with the highest participation levels among adults in the Tasman region, while Table 3 presents the top 10 activities for men and women.

Walking was the most popular activity, with almost 7 out of 10 adults (66.8%) participating over 12 months. Over 5 out of 10 men (54.8%) and almost 8 out of 10 women (76.7%) went walking.

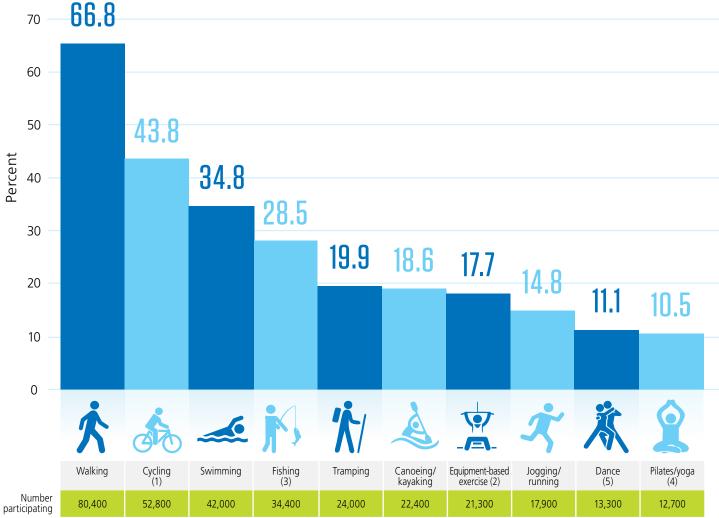
For men, the most popular activity was walking, with cycling (52.1%) and fishing (41.5%) making up the top three activities. For women, walking, cycling (36.8%) and swimming (36.3%) made up the top three.

Seven of the top 10 activities were the same for men and women: walking, cycling, fishing, swimming, tramping, canoeing/kayaking, and equipment-based exercise.

The activities that featured in the top 10 for men, but not women, were jogging/running, golf and hunting (**bolded** in Table 3). The activities that featured in the top 10 for women, but not men, were pilates/yoga, dance and aerobics.

Figure 1: The 20 most popular sport and active recreation activities participated in over 12 months in the Tasman region

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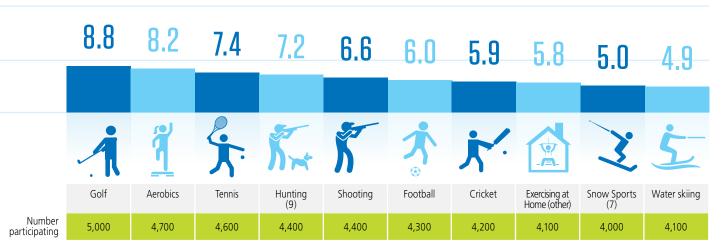
Notes

- (1) Cycling includes mountain biking and cycling.
- (2) Equipment-based exercise includes the use of exercise equipment (eg, exercycles, treadmills, weights) at home or at the gym.
- (3) Fishing includes freshwater and marine fishing.
- (4) Pilates/yoga includes both at home or at the gym/class.
- (5) Dance includes several dance genres (eg, ballet, hip-hop, ballroom, modern, tap). It does not include club/rave/disco.
- (6) Includes both indoor and outdoor versions of the activity.

Table 3: The 10 most popular sport and recreation activities participated in over 12 months, by gender

Mei	n 👚	%	Estimated number
1	Walking	54.8	30,000
2	Cycling ¹	52.1	28,500
3	Fishing ³	41.5	22,700
4	Swimming	33.0	18,100
5	Tramping	23.9	13,100
6	Canoeing/kayaking	23.6	12,900
7	Equipment-based exercise ²	20.3	11,100
8	Jogging/running	16.3	8,900
9	Golf	16.1	8,800
10	Hunting ⁹	14.9	8,200

Wol	Women 🖷		Estimated number
1	Walking	76.7	50,400
2	Cycling ¹	36.8	24,200
3	Swimming	36.3	23,900
4	Fishing ³	17.8	11,700
5	Pilates/yoga ⁴	17.3	11,400
6	Tramping	16.7	11,000
7	Dance ⁵	16.2	10,600
8	Equipment-based exercise ²	15.5	10,200
9	Canoeing/kayaking	14.4	9,400
10	Aerobics	13.7	9,000



Notes:

(7) Snow sports includes skiing and snowboarding.

(8) Callisthenics includes callisthenic exercise classes, exercises at home or at the gym.

(9) Hunting includes hunting and deerstalking/pig hunting.

(10) Other exercise does not include equipment-based exercise, pilates/yoga, aerobics or callisthenics.

(11) Motorsports includes cars, karts and motorcycles.

(12) Martial arts includes judo, karate, taekwondo and other martial arts.

Number of Sport and Recreation Activities Participated In

This section shows the number of sport and recreation activities that adults in the Tasman region took part in over 12 months.

On average, adults in Tasman region took part in 4.6 activities over the past 12 months, which is comparable to the national average of 4.0 (see Table 4).

Just over 8 out of 10 adults (81.0%) participated in at least two sport and recreation activities over 12 months. Almost 7 out of 10 (67.3%) participated in three or more activities.

Both these rates are comparable to the rates for all New Zealand adults, and the numbers of activities and participation in two or more, and three or more activities are similar for men and women in the Tasman region.

Table 4: Number of sport and recreation activities participated in over 12 months in the Tasman region

	At least one activity	Two or more activities	Three or more activities	Average number of activities ²
	%	%	%	
All adults	93.5	81.0	67.3	4.6
Men	93.0	84.9	72.5	5.2
Women	93.9	77.8	63.0	4.1
All NZ	94.2	78.6	61.1	4.0

Averages are calculated for all adults, including those who did not take part in any activities.



Ways Participants Take Part in Sport and Active Recreation



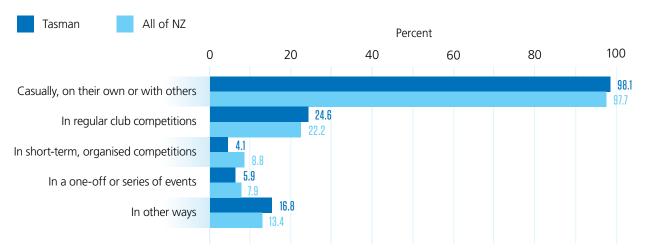
This section shows the ways in which participants in the Tasman region took part in sport and recreation. This includes whether they took part casually or in organised activities, and whether they took part in teams or groups, as well as whether or not and how they paid to take part in their chosen sports/activities. It also describes membership of clubs and gyms, and participation with coaches and instructors.

Different ways participants take part

Almost all participants (98.1%) in the Tasman region took part in their chosen sports/activities *casually, either on their own or with others.* Over 2 out of 10 (24.6%) took part in *regular club competitions,* while almost 1 in 10 (5.9%) took part in *a one-off or series of events* and fewer than 1 in 10 (4.1%) took part in *short-term organised competitions* (see Figure 2).

Compared with all New Zealand adults, fewer adults in the Tasman region took part in *short-term organised competitions*. Fewer women than men in the Tasman region took part in *regular club competitions*.

Figure 2: Ways in which participants take part



	Men	Women
	%	%
Casually, on their own or with others	97.4	99.0
In regular club competitions	36.7	10.4
In short-term, organised competitions	4.0	4.1
In a one-off or series of events	7.8	3.6
In other ways	15.2	18.6



Almost all participants (97.9%) in the Tasman region took part in one or more activities over 12 months without paying ie, it was free to do so (see Table 5).

The most common way people **paid to take part** is on a *per visit, entry or hire* basis, with 3 out of 10 (30.2%) doing so. This is followed by just under 3 out of 10 (28.1%) that paid by way of *membership at a sport or physical activity club*, while over 1 in 10 (13.9%) paid *entry costs for a competition or event as an individual or team member* and just under 1 in 10 either paid for a *concession card* (8.9%) or paid by way of *membership at a gym, swimming pool or recreation centre* (7.7%).

Compared with all New Zealand adults, lower proportions of adults in the Tasman region paid to participate by way of *membership at a gym, swimming pool or recreation centre*, and more participated for free. However, more women in the Tasman region paid for a *concession card* or paid using a *community discount card* than men.

Table 5: Payment types for activities taken part in over 12 months

	All adults	Men	Women	AII NZ
	%	%	%	%
Could do the activity without paying – it was free	97.9	99.0	96.7	92.4
Paid per visit, entry or hire	30.2	36.7	22.5	35.2
Paid by way of membership at a sport or physical activity club	28.1	37.6	16.9	20.9
Paid entry costs for a competition or event (as an individual or team member)	13.9	17.5	9.7	10.2
Paid for a concession card	8.9	0.0	19.4	6.9
Paid by way of membership at a gym, swimming pool or recreation centre	7.7	9.7	5.5	17.8
Paid using a community discount card that gives cheaper entry costs	1.5	0.0	3.2	1.0



Different groups that participants take part with

Over 5 out of 10 participants in the Tasman region took part in sport and recreation activities with an organised group in the past 12 months (45.1% of participants had not participated with any organised group or team). Where they did so, this was most commonly a *group arranged by the people who take part in the activity* (43.3%, see Table 6). This was followed by just under 2 out of 10 (17.7%) that participated with a *sports team that is part of a sports club*, and just over 1 in 10 (11.5%) that participated in an *organised group set up by an organisation* such as a local council. Small numbers participated in a *work-related sports team* (3.1%), or *another type of sports team*, like a church team (2.9%).

This profile is similar to that for all New Zealand adults, and for men and women within Tasman region.

Table 6: Different groups that participants take part with over 12 months

	All adults	Men	Women	AII NZ
	%	%	%	%
A group arranged by the people who take part in the activity	43.3	55.8	28.6	41.3
A sports team that is part of a sports club	17.7	22.9	11.5	17.5
An organised group set up by an organisation (eg, local council)	11.5	9.2	14.2	5.6
A work-related sports team	3.1	2.5	3.9	6.1
Another type of sports team (like a church team)	2.9	4.0	1.6	2.4
Other type of group	4.1	3.3	5.1	6.4
None	45.1	33.3	59.1	43.8



Membership of clubs, gyms and recreation centres (over 12 months)

This part of the report looks at participants' membership of clubs, gyms and recreation centres. Participants in the Tasman region were asked about memberships they'd had in the last 12 months in order to take part in their chosen sports/activities.

Over 4 out of 10 (43.8%) sport and recreation participants in Tasman region were members of at least one club, gym or centre in the last 12 months (see Table 7). Just under 3 out of 10 (28.4%) were members of a *sport or physical activity club* and almost 2 out of 10 (15.2%) were members of a *gym or fitness centre*. Almost 1 in 10 (6.4%) were members of a *community leisure or recreation centre*.

The profile of participants in Tasman region is similar to that for all New Zealand adults, and for men and women within the region.

Table 7: Membership of a club, gym or centre over 12 months

	All adults	Men	Women	AII NZ
	%	%	%	%
Member of ANY club/gym/centre	43.8	45.4	41.8	44.4
Member of sport or physical activity club	28.4	34.8	20.8	27.4
Member of gym or fitness centre	15.2	17.8	12.0	19.3
Member of community leisure or recreation centre	6.4	1.3	12.5	7.1
Member of other type of club	2.0	2.9	1.0	1.6
Not a member of any club/gym/centre	56.2	54.6	58.2	55.6

Notes: Respondents could report being a member of each of the four types of club. Small survey sub-samples. Use results with caution.



Participation with instructors and coaches

This part of the report shows the proportion of participants in the Tasman region who received instruction from a coach, instructor, teacher or trainer in the last 12 months for one or more of their chosen sport and recreation activities³. It also shows the proportion of participants who used instructional resources (tapes, books, videos or web instruction) to help improve their performance.

Just under 6 out of 10 sport and recreation participants (58.1%) in Tasman region had *received instruction or coaching* in the last 12 months to help improve their performance (see Figure 3).

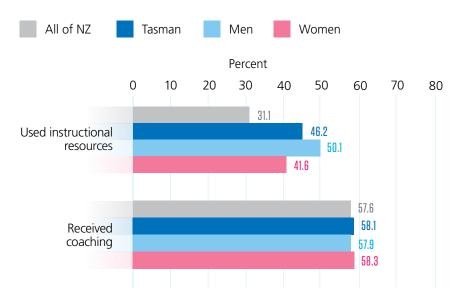
The figure is similar to the rate for all New Zealand adults, and for both men and women within Tasman region.

Use of instructional resources (online or other)

Almost 5 out of 10 participants (46.2%) in Tasman region *used instructional resources* (tapes, books, videos or web instruction) to help improve their performance (see Figure 3).

This is also comparable to the rate for all New Zealand adults (the apparent difference is not statistically significant), and the rates are similar for men and women within the region.





³ The results in this section are from a question in the Follow-up Survey, and so are based on a slightly smaller sample size (see the Introduction for more information).



Where People Participate in Sport and Active Recreation

Location of participation

This section looks at the facilities and settings where participants in the Tasman region took part in their sport and recreation activities.

Participants were asked which man-made facilities and natural settings they had used for sport or recreation in the last 12 months. People could mention more than one facility/setting for each of their sport and recreation activities. Note these settings may be outside the region in which participants live.

MAN-MADE FACILITIES included indoor and outdoor pools and sports facilities, indoor facilities not mainly used for sport (eg, community or school halls), stand-alone gyms/fitness centres, people's homes, and paths, cycleways and walkways in towns/cities.

NATURAL SETTINGS included parks in towns/cities, off-road bike trails and walking tracks, countryside and farmland, bush and forest, and lakes, rivers and the sea.

Just over 9 out of 10 participants (92.2%) in Tasman region took part in activities at one or more man-made facilities, while 8 out of 10 (79.6%) took part in one or more natural settings (see Figure 4).

Compared with all New Zealand adults, similar proportions of Tasman participants took part in activities at man-made facilities and in natural settings. Within the region, men were as likely as women to participate at both man-made facilities and in natural settings.

Participation at different types of man-made facilities

The top three man-made facilities used for sport and recreation by participants in Tasman region were: paths, cycleways and walkways in towns/cities (61.9%); indoors or outside at a participant's or someone else's home (42.4%); and outdoor sports facilities (34.0%). Over 2 out of 10 participants each took part at indoor pools/aquatic centres (24.7%) and outdoor pools (22.8%), with over 1 in 10 each taking part at indoor sports facilities (14.4%), gym/fitness centres (14.2%) and indoor facilities not used mainly for sport or recreation, like school and community halls (12.7%, see Table 8).

Compared with all New Zealand participants, fewer Tasman region participants participated *indoors or outside* at a marae. Men's participation at different man-made facilities was similar to that of women.

Participation in different types of natural settings

The top three natural settings used for sport and recreation by participants in Tasman region were: parks in towns/cities (59.3%); the beach or by the sea (48.9%); and in or on the sea (42.4%). Just over 4 out of 10 (42.0%) participants also took part on off road bike trails or walking tracks and almost 4 out of 10 each took part by a river (37.1%), in the countryside or over farmland (36.6%) or in the bush or a forest (34.6%, see Table 8).

More Tasman region participants took part in sport and recreation activities by a river, in or on a river and in or on the sea, compared with all New Zealand participants.

More men than women within the region took part in sport and recreation activities in or on the sea.

Percent 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 All of NZ 91.3 Tasman 92.2 Man-made facilities 90.2 Men 94.7 Women All of NZ 80.1 79.6 Tasman Natural settings 84.4 Men 73.9 Women

Figure 4: Participation in one or more man-made facilities or natural settings over 12 months

Table 8: Participation in one or more man-made facilities or natural settings over 12 months

	All adults	Men	Women	AII NZ
Man-made facilities	%	%	%	%
Outside on a path, cycleway or walkway in a town or city	61.9	53.9	71.3	53.1
Indoors or outside at a home	42.4	35.9	50.1	39.2
At an outdoor sports facility	34.0	43.8	22.4	30.7
At an indoor pool or aquatic centre	24.7	27.7	21.0	18.3
At an outdoor pool	22.8	29.0	15.5	9.8
At an indoor sports facility or complex	14.4	15.2	13.5	19.8
At a gym or fitness centre	14.2	14.0	14.5	21.8
At an indoor facility not used mainly for sport or recreation	12.7	9.7	16.3	15.8
Indoors or outside at a marae	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2
Natural settings	%	%	%	%
Outdoors at a park in a town or city	59.3	64.5	53.0	50.3
At a beach or by the sea	48.9	48.6	49.2	35.9
In or on the sea	42.4	54.1	28.6	28.8
On an off-road bike trail or walking track	42.0	49.1	33.6	25.0
By a river	37.1	36.8	37.3	17.6
In the countryside or over farmland	36.6	43.1	28.9	24.0
In the bush or a forest	34.6	41.3	26.7	28.3
On or in a river	30.8	36.1	24.5	11.2
By a lake	20.4	23.6	16.7	13.0
On or in a lake	15.6	20.2	10.1	9.8

Reasons for Participating in Sport and Active Recreation



This section shows the main reasons why people in the Tasman region participated in their chosen sport and recreation activities.

Reasons for taking part

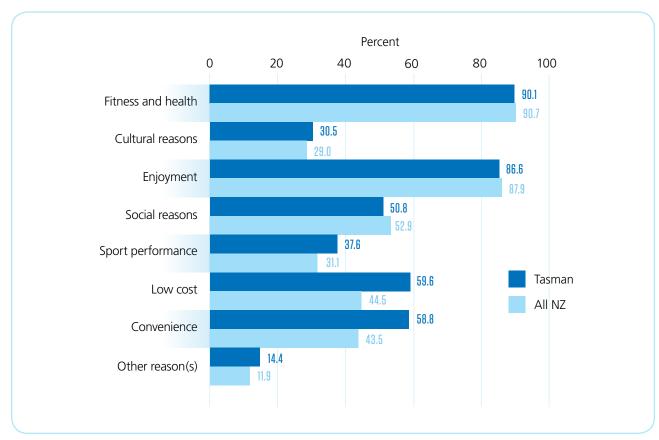
The most common reason participants in Tasman region gave for taking part in sport and recreation was for *fitness and health* (90.1%), followed by *enjoyment* (86.6%), *low cost* (59.6%) and *convenience* (58.8%). Other reasons were *social reasons* (50.8%), *sport performance* (37.6%) and *cultural reasons* (30.5%, see Figure 5).

More Tasman region participants participated for reasons of *low cost* and *convenience*, compared to all New Zealand adults, but within the region reasons for participating were similar for men and women (see table to the right).

	Men	Women
	%	%
Fitness and health	91.3	88.7
Cultural reasons	37.6	22.1
Enjoyment	90.6	81.8
Social reasons	54.1	46.9
Sport performance	48.2	25.0
Low cost	63.1	55.5
Convenience	58.9	58.7
Other reasons	15.4	13.3

Respondents could provide more than one answer.
See Appendix 1 for more detail about what each group of reasons encompasses.
Small survey sub-samples. Use results with caution.

Figure 5: Reasons for participating in sport and activity recreation

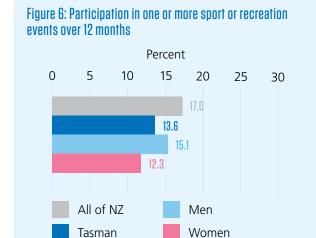


Participation in Events

This section shows how many adults in the Tasman region participated in organised sport and recreation events in the last 12 months. Events included walking and running events, multi-sport events, bike events, fishing events, swimming events and Masters sports events. People could also mention other types of events. Note the events participants took part in may have been held outside the region in which adults live.

Over 1 in 10 adults in Tasman region (13.6%, or around 16,300 people) participated in at least one sport or recreation event in the last 12 months (see Figure 6).

This is comparable to the rate for all New Zealand adults. Also, within the region, men were just as likely as women to have taken part in at least one event.



Notes: Other types of events included a range of tournaments and competitions such as golf, sailing and tennis.

Fewer than five events identified due to small survey sub-samples.

Use results with caution.

Types of events participated in (over 12 months)

Other running/walking events such as half marathons, marathons and 10km races and fun runs/walks were the most popular types of sport and recreation events for all adults in Tasman region, as they were for all New Zealand adults (although the order is reversed). Masters sports tournaments were the next most popular, followed by bike events (see Table 9).

Other running/walking events and fun runs/walks were the most popular types of events for both men and women in Tasman region.

Table 9: Top 5 events adults participated in over 12 months

	Tasman	%
1	Other running/walking events	5.9
2	Fun runs/walks	5.2
3	Masters sports tournaments	3.5
4	Bike events	3.1
	All NZ	%
1	Fun runs/walks	8.1
2	Other running/walking events	4.0
3	Other types of events See note	2.3
4	Fishing tournaments	2.2
5	Bike events	2.0
	Men	
1	Other running/walking events	6.8
2	Fun runs/walks	6.4
3	Masters sports tournaments	5.7
4	Bike events	4.8
	Women	%
1	Other running/walking events	5.2
2	Fun runs/walks	4.2

Interest in, and Barriers to, More Sport and Active Recreation

This section looks at interest in, and the barriers to, participating in more sport and recreation. The first part looks at any interest among all adults (both participants and non-participants) in the Tasman region, while the second focuses on interest among participants.

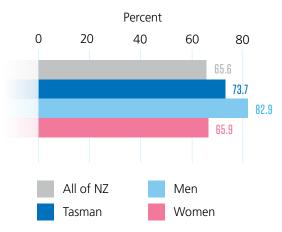
Participants were asked two questions – were they interested in doing more of any one of the activities they did over 12 months, and were they interested in trying any one activity they had not done in the last 12 months. Non-participants were only asked the second question. Interested respondents were then asked what one thing prevented them from doing the activity(ies) they were interested in.

Interest in trying new, or doing more, sport and recreation activities (all adults)

Over 7 out of 10 adults (73.7%) in Tasman region were interested in either trying a new sport or recreation activity or doing more of an existing activity (see Figure 7).

Compared with all New Zealand adults, more adults in Tasman region, and more men than women within Tasman region, were interested in either trying a new sport or recreation activity or doing more of an existing activity.

Figure 7: Interest in trying a new activity or doing more of an activity (all adults)



Interest in trying new activities or doing more of existing activities (all participants)

Tables 10 and 11 show that, among participants in Tasman region, 5 out of 10 (50.2%) were interested in trying a new activity, while Table 10 shows that just under 6 out of 10 (58.6%) were interested in doing more of an existing activity.



A higher proportion of Tasman region participants were interested in doing more of an existing activity compared to all New Zealand participants in sports and recreation. However, levels of interest are similar to all New Zealand participants for trying a new activity, and among both men and women within Tasman region in both cases.

Table 10: Interest in trying a new activity (all participants)

%
50.2
53.0
47.9
47.1

Table 11: Interest in doing more of an existing activity (all participants)

Tasman	%
All participants	58.6
Men	66.5
Women	52.2
All NZ	43.8

Interest in trying new activities

Adults in Tasman region who were interested in trying new activities identified over 50 different activities they would like to try, and so the number of people mentioning each activity was small.

Looking at the activities adults were interested in trying, cycling and swimming were the most popular, followed by golf, canoeing/kayaking and pilates/yoga (see Table 12).

For men, the top activities they were most interested in trying were golf and equipment-based exercise. Women were most interested in trying cycling, swimming and pilates/yoga.

Table 12: Top 5 activities participants were most interested in trying (interested participants)

	All adults	%
1	Golf	7.9
2	Tennis	6.5
3	Touch rugby	5.0
4	Badminton	4.8
5	Canoeing/ kayaking	4.1
	Men	
1	Golf	11.5
2	Equipment-based exercise	6.6
	Women	%
1	Cycling	18.5
2	Swimming	15.2
3	Pilates/yoga	8.2
4	Tennis	5.2
5	Waka ama	5.0

Barriers to trying new activities

The top three barriers stopping adults in Tasman region who were interested in trying new activities from trying them were a lack of time, too costly/can't afford and poor health/disability/injury. These are the same top three barriers as for all New Zealand adults that are interested in trying new activities. Access and noone to do the activity with are among the top five barriers for interested adults in the Tasman region but not for all New Zealand interested adults (see Table 13).

These top three barriers were also the same for men and women. Men also said no-one to do the activity with is a top barrier, while women also identified a lack of confidence and no facilities/parks nearby as key barriers.

The main time barriers for adults in Tasman region wanting to try a new sport or recreation activity were due to work commitments, family commitments related to childcare responsibilities and having other leisure/recreation interests. The main costs that were a barrier to adults in Tasman region are the costs of buying or hiring the equipment needed, travel, entry to recreation centres/pools/facilities and buying the clothes and footwear needed.

Table 13: Top 5 barriers to trying a new activity by gender

	Tasman	%
1	Lack of time	45.4
2	Too costly/can't afford it	28.2
3	Poor health/disability/injury	12.1
4	No-one to do the activity with	7.6
5	Access	6.8
	All NZ	
1	Lack of time	53.9
2	Too costly/can't afford it	23.4
3	Poor health/disability/injury	9.7
4	No facilities/parks nearby	8.2
5	Don't know where to go or who to contact	8.0
	Men	
1	Lack of time	42.5
2	Too costly/can't afford it	34.1
3	Poor health/disability/injury	14.0
4	No-one to do the activity with	10.1
	Women	%
1	Lack of time	48.2
2	Too costly/can't afford it	22.7
3	Poor health/disability/injury	10.3
4	Lack confidence	8.1

Note: Fewer than five activities identified due to small survey sub-samples. Use results with caution.

te: Fewer than five barriers identified due to small survey sub-samples.
Use results with caution.



Interest in doing more of existing activities

Sport and recreation participants who were interested in doing more of existing activities identified over 40 different activities they were interested in doing more of and so, again, the number of people mentioning each activity was small.

Looking at the types of activities participants were interested in doing more of, fishing and walking were the most popular activities, followed by cycling, tramping and gardening (see Table 14).

Men were most interested in doing more fishing, cycling and hunting. Women were most interested in doing more walking, snow sports and tramping.

Table 14: Top 5 activities participants were most interested in doing more of (interested participants)*

	All adults	%
1	Fishing	11.8
2	Walking	10.7
3	Cycling	9.3
4	Tramping	7.7
5	Gardening	5.7
	Men*	
1	Fishing	18.7
2	Cycling	10.6
3	Hunting	8.8
4	Canoeing/ kayaking	8.6
5	Tramping	7.0
	Women	%
1	Walking	15.2
2	Snow sports	9.5
3	Tramping	8.5
4	Cycling	7.9
5	Gardening	6.7

Notes: Small survey sub-samples. Use results with caution.



Barriers to doing more of an existing activity

The top three barriers stopping interested participants in Tasman region from doing more of an existing activity were overwhelmingly a lack of time, followed by poor health/disability/injury and an interest but already doing enough (see Table 15).

A *lack of time and poor health/disability/injury* were among the main barriers for both men and women. However, men also identified they were *already doing enough activities and they had no-one to do the activity with*, while women also identified a *lack of motivation* and *cost* among their main barriers.

The main time barriers for adults in Tasman region wanting to do more of an existing sport or recreation activity were work commitments, family commitments related to childcare responsibilities, other leisure/recreational interests, and family commitments not related to childcare.

Table 15: Top 5 barriers to doing more of an existing activity, by gender

	Tasman	%
1	Lack of time	60.5
2	Poor health/disability/injury	8.8
3	Interested but already doing enough	8.5
4	No-one to do the activity with	7.0
5	Too costly/can't afford it	5.8
	All NZ	
1	Lack of time	66.5
2	Too costly/can't afford it	10.5
3	Poor health/disability/injury	6.2
4	No facilities/parks nearby	4.5
5	Interested but already doing enough	4.2
	Men	%
1	Lack of time	61.6
2	Interested but already doing enough	12.8
3	Poor health/disability/injury	8.6
4	No-one to do the activity with	8.2
	Women	%
1	Lack of time	59.4
2	Poor health/disability/injury	9.0
3	Lack motivation	7.5
4	Too costly/can't afford it	6.3

Notes: Fewer than five barriers identified due to small survey sub-samples. Use results with caution.



Volunteering in Sport and Active Recreation

This section shows the proportion of adults in the Tasman region who take on volunteer roles to support sport and recreation activities. It also looks at the most common volunteer roles.

Volunteering in sport and recreation (among all adults)

Just over 3 out of 10 adults in Tasman region (31.0%, or around 37,000) took on one or more volunteer roles to support a sport and recreation activity in the last 12 months (see Table 16). The roles included coach/trainer/teacher/instructor (coach/instructor), referee/judge/official/umpire (officiating roles), administrator/secretary/committee member (administration roles), parent helper and other roles.

Volunteering levels among Tasman region adults are similar to the levels among all New Zealand adults, and similar proportions of men and women volunteered.

Table 16: Volunteering in sport and recreation over 12 months (all adults)

		Tasman		
	%	Estimated number	%	
All adults	31.0	37,000	28.6	
Gender				
Men	33.8	18,000	30.7	
Women	28.6	19,000	26.7	

Note: Respondents could provide more than one answer.

Most common volunteer roles

Coach/instructor (13.4%) and parent helper (12.8%) were the two most common volunteer roles among adults in Tasman region, followed by officiating and administration roles (see Figure 8 and Table 17).

The proportions of adults in Tasman region volunteering in each of the roles are similar to those of all New Zealand adults, and are also similar for women and men within the region.

Among the 31.0% of adults *who volunteered*, similar proportions (over 4 out of 10 each) were coaches/instructors (43.4%) and/or parent helpers (41.3%, see Table 17). The profile of volunteers is similar to that of all New Zealand volunteers. However, in Tasman region more women than men volunteered as a parent helper (other apparent differences are not statistically significant).

Figure 8: Most common volunteer roles over 12 months (all adults), Tasman region

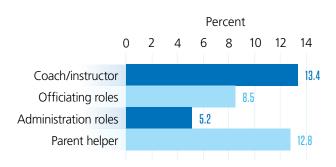


Table 17: Most common volunteer roles over 12 months – all adults and all volunteers, by gender

All adults				
Tasman Men Women A				
	%	%	%	%
Coach/instructor	13.4	19.9	8.1	12.6
Officiating roles	8.5	13.4	4.5	7.3
Administration roles	5.2	3.6	6.6	6.2
Parent helper	12.8	8.1	16.7	11.4
Other roles	6.3	6.5	6.2	4.2
All volunteers				
	Tasman	Men	Women	AII NZ
	%	%	%	%
Coach/instructor	43.4	58.8	28.2	43.9
Officiating roles	27.6	39.6	15.8	25.4
Administration roles	16.9	10.7	22.9	21.6
Parent helper	41.3	23.9	58.4	39.8
Other roles	20.4	19.3	21.6	14.7

Notes: Parent helper tasks may include providing transport for their own or for other children by carpooling, organising refreshments, washing uniforms and fund-raising.

Other roles may include lifeguard/guide, general support or assistant, etc.
Respondents could provide more than one answer.

Regional Comparisons

The tables that follow provide an overview of key findings for each region of New Zealand serviced by the RSTs (including those within Auckland Council boundaries, and Auckland combined).

Black percentages indicate no significant difference (at the 95% confidence level) from the national results.

Green percentages indicate a significant higher percentage than the national result.

Red percentages indicate a significant lower percentage than the national result.



	Participation (inc. walking) over:			Average number
	12 months	4 weeks	7 days	of activities
New Zealand	94.2	85.1	74.0	4.0
Northland	92.7	79.3	65.0	3.2
Auckland (combined)	96.0	87.8	77.7	4.2
Harbour Sport	97.3	90.8	81.0	4.3
Waitākere	96.4	86.2	75.2	3.8
Auckland	96.4	88.3	78.8	4.2
Counties Manukau Sport	94.4	85.8	75.4	3.9
Waikato	91.1	78.9	62.7	3.4
Bay of Plenty	94.4	83.8	72.3	3.9
Gisborne	88.4	73.4	57.8	3.2
Hawke's Bay	92.2	83.7	72.1	3.8
Taranaki	93.5	81.3	66.6	4.0
Whanganui	93.4	84.5	70.3	4.1
Manawatu	88.6	75.5	67.7	3.2
Wellington	95.5	88.5	77.9	4.3
Tasman	93.5	84.6	75.4	4.6
Canterbury-West Coast	94.9	88.2	79.8	4.4
Otago	93.3	85.2	74.7	3.9
Southland	90.5	77.5	60.3	4.1

	Member of ANY club/gym/centre	Participation at one or more man-made facilities	Participation in one or more natural settings	Participation in one or more events
New Zealand	44.4	91.3	80.1	17.0
Northland	40.6	72.9	82.6	12.4
Auckland (combined)	44.2	91.9	80.7	17.1
Harbour Sport	44.0	93.9	82.7	18.6
Waitākere	46.2	89.4	79.2	14.8
Auckland	46.0	89.1	82.6	18.5
Counties Manukau Sport	41.6	93.9	75.8	15.7
Waikato	44.9	88.5	69.9	16.3
Bay of Plenty	39.5	87.4	87.4	15.8
Gisborne	40.6	80.4	73.6	27.8
Hawke's Bay	48.2	95.1	80.8	19.1
Taranaki	44.3	92.2	78.7	16.5
Whanganui	44.8	91.2	83.9	14.4
Manawatu	46.4	92.2	73.0	22.1
Wellington	47.2	95.0	82.9	17.3
Tasman	43.8	92.2	79.6	13.6
Canterbury-West Coast	46.1	95.1	82.2	16.8
Otago	40.2	91.7	77.2	16.8
Southland	42.3	87.5	85.8	19.7

	Interest in trying new or doing more sport and recreation activities	Volunteering in one or more roles
New Zealand	65.6	28.6
Northland	60.6	24.6
Auckland (combined)	71.5	28.1
Harbour Sport	70.5	32.3
Waitākere	64.8	20.7
Auckland	69.9	22.2
Counties Manukau Sport	77.0	34.0
Waikato	50.2	24.8
Bay of Plenty	68.6	26.3
Gisborne	55.6	33.5
Hawke's Bay	65.8	31.6
Taranaki	68.7	34.7
Whanganui	59.8	30.1
Manawatu	57.6	22.6
Wellington	62.1	34.2
Tasman	73.7	31.0
Canterbury-West Coast	67.1	26.0
Otago	59.7	29.0
Southland	61.8	41.2

Appendix 1

Base sizes and participant types

Unweighted bases for survey respondents

The following table shows the unweighted bases for survey respondents in the Tasman region that reported participating in sport and recreation activities in relation to the content of this profile report.

Throughout the report different base sizes are used for the analysis. The different base sizes are due to:

- the different number of respondents in each of the Main and Follow-up Surveys, and these surveys asked different questions
- the different questions respondents were asked as a result of their answers to questions about participation over different timeframes ie, over 12 months, over 4 weeks (for ease of reading this is referred to as once a month in the report), over 7 days (referred to as once a week), and also their volunteer status.

The numbers that answered each question vary according to their frequency of participation in a sport and recreation activity, and/or if they took part in the Follow-up Survey.

Table 18: Unweighted survey bases of adults who participated in sport and recreation activities, in the Tasman region

Survey base	All	Men	Women
Main Survey – All participants	288	115	173
Main Survey - Participants (over 4 weeks)	126	60	66
Follow-up Survey – Participants (over 4 weeks)	125	60	65

Participant types

In this report there are two different bases:

- those who took part in at least one sport/activity (excluding gardening) in the last 12 months
- those who took part in at least one activity (excluding gardening) at least once a month. The unweighted base excludes a random selection (approximately 50%) of walkers and swimmers. The weighted base accounts for these randomly excluded participants. See the technical report for more information.

Participant logo – this logo is used to identify sections that report on either of these types of participants.

Statistically significant results

Figures from sample surveys like ANZS are subject to variation that arises from using a randomly drawn sample, rather than surveying the total population of interest. The extent of this variation falls within known ranges and is expressed as a confidence interval. Confidence intervals for ANZS have been calculated at the 95% level, which means that 19 times out of 20 we expect the true value to be within the lower and upper intervals. The technical report provides more on the approach to calculating confidence intervals.

Confidence intervals are not reported in this document; however, the report text does identify whether or not groups are significantly different in terms of their participation (ie, more or less likely).

Notes on Definitions of Key Variables

Main reasons for participating

Those who answered questions about why they participated in different sports/activities were prompted on a showcard with a range of possible reasons. For each activity, respondents could choose more than one of the prompted reasons and/or provide other reasons. Specific reasons were grouped under more generic headings on the showcard; these are reported on in this report. Specific reasons will be reported in the future. The following table shows the reasons that appeared on the showcard.

Generic reason	Specific reason	
Fitness and health	To keep fit (not just to lose weight)	
	To lose weight/get toned	
	To relieve stress	
	To help with an injury	
	To help with a disability	
	It provides me with a physical challenge	
Cultural reasons	It's a way I can connect with my culture	
	To support my friends and family to take part	
Enjoyment	Just to enjoy it/It's fun to do	
Social reasons	To meet with friends	
	To meet new people	
	To be part of a club	
	To be part of a team	
Sport performance	To train/improve performance	
	To take part in competition	
Low cost	It doesn't cost much to do	
Convenience	I don't need to join a club	
	I don't need to join a gym	
	I can take part when the time suits me	
	I can easily get to places close by to do the activity	

Further information

Further information about the Active New Zealand Survey methodology and/or other reports are available from: www.srknowledge.org.nz/researchseries/active-new-zealand-20132014/



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