



The future of sport and recreation for disabled New Zealanders: Part 2 – The history and future of disabled sport and recreation

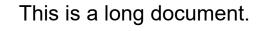


Image source: Parafed Bay of Plenty

Published: July 2025

Before you start







It can be hard for some people to read a document this long.



Some things you can do to make it easier are:



- read it a few pages at a time
- set aside some quiet time to look at it
- have someone read it with you to support you to understand it.

What you will find in here



Page number:



History of disability sport in	
Aotearoa New Zealand	8

About this Easy Read3

Current trends and challenges......14



What the disability community
thinks will happen in the future20



1			1
-IITIIIA	scenarios	2	'n
ataic	3001101103		- ~

Where to find more information......35

About this Easy Read



This Easy Read is a **summary** of a longer report.



A summary:

- is shorter than the full report
- tells you the main ideas.



The report is called **The future of sport and recreation for disabled New Zealanders**.

In this Easy Read we call this report **the report** for short.



You can read the full report on this website:

https://tinyurl.com/5a6vu7jk

The full report is **not** in Easy Read.



The report is by

Sport New Zealand Ihi Aotearoa.



Sport New Zealand Ihi Aotearoa

is the part of the Government in charge of making sure everyone in Aotearoa New Zealand can take part in:



- play
- sport
- active recreation.



Recreation means things you do for fun.



Here **active recreation** means physical activities like:

- walking
- running
- swimming
- cycling
- fishing
- yoga
- exercise where someone uses equipment like lifting weights.







In this Easy Read we call
Sport New Zealand Ihi Aotearoa
Sport NZ for short.



This summary of the report is in 2 parts.

This is part 2.





- about the history of disability sport and active recreation in Aotearoa New Zealand
- what the future might be like for disability sport and active recreation in Aotearoa New Zealand.



Part 1 of the summary tells you:

- why Sport NZ wrote the report
- what the report found out.



You can read part 1 of the summary on this **website**:

https://tinyurl.com/5a6vu7jk

History of disability sport in Aotearoa New Zealand





In 1937 the Government first started working on disability sport and active recreation in Aotearoa New Zealand.



At this time the focus was on the medical model of disability.

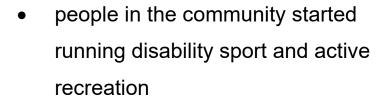


The **medical model of disability** says that disability:

- is a problem with the:
 - body of a person
 - o mind of a person
- needs to be fixed.

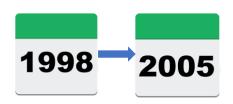


From the 1960s to the 1980s:





- people started knowing more about disability
- it was hard to make changes that lasted.



From 1998 to 2005 there were **national strategies** about including disabled people in sport and active recreation.



Here **national strategies** means plans for including disabled people in sport and active recreation that cover all of Aotearoa New Zealand.



These national strategies did not work very well.

Some of the problems were:



- there were not enough
 resources to make sure disabled
 people were included in sport
 and active recreation
- people were not sure whose job it was to make sure disabled people were included in sport and active recreation.





Here **resources** means things like:

- time
- money.



From 2016 to 2019 there was more focus on making sure disabled people could do **physical activity**.



Here physical activity means:

- play
- sport
- active recreation.



Part of this focus was making sure:

- leaders in the sector knew about including disabled people
- sport and active recreation organisations knew about including disabled people.



In this Easy Read **the sector** means all the organisations that support disabled people to do sport and active recreation.



From 2020 to 2024 **COVID-19** meant that:



- the sector had to change so people could still do sport and active recreation
- there was new funding for disability sport and active recreation.



COVID-19 is a virus that can make people very sick.



COVID-19 meant we had to do things to stop the virus spreading like:





social distancing.

This stopped people from doing sport and active recreation in the usual ways.



Aotearoa New Zealand is still working to make sure disabled people can do sport and active recreation.



It is still harder for disabled people to do sport and active recreation than it is for non-disabled people.

Current trends and challenges



This section of the Easy Read is about:

- trends in disability sport and active recreation
- challenges in disability sport and active recreation.



Here **trends** are things that are happening in disability sport and active recreation at the moment.



Here **challenges** are things that make it harder for disabled people to do sport and active recreation.



More people:

- know about paralympic sport
- think paralympic sport is important.



Image source: Sport NZ



Paralympic sport is sport for physically disabled people.

In this Easy Read being **physically disabled** means your disability
makes part of your body work
differently like:

- being blind
- something that means you need to use a wheelchair.



Lots of people around the world are working to get better at including disabled people.



New technology is making sport and active recreation more accessible for disabled people.



People know more about **neurodiversity**.



Neurodiversity is the idea that there are natural differences in how our brains work.

It says no to the idea that some people have brains that work in ways that:

- are wrong
- need to be cured / fixed.



Neurodiversity says the world should work well for everyone.



There is still not enough support for **neurodivergent** people.

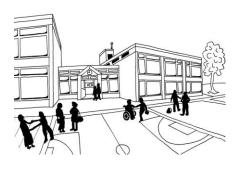


Neurodivergent people have brains that are different to:

- how most brains work
- what some people think our brains should be like.



Disabled young people do less physical activity than non-disabled young people.



It is hard for disabled young people to do sport and active recreation:

- at school
- in the community.



There is more money from the Government to pay for disability sport and active recreation.



There are still not enough resources for disability sport and active recreation.



Other things that still make it harder for disabled people to do sport and active recreation are:

- ableism
- organisations in the sector not working together.



Ableism is believing that:

- disabled people are less important than non-disabled people
- disabled people cannot do the same things as non-disabled people.

What the disability community thinks will happen in the future



As part of writing the report Sport NZ did a **survey**.



A **survey** is a set of questions that lots of people answer.

Surveys are used to find out information like what people think about doing sport and active recreation.



The survey asked the disability sport and active recreation community what they think will happen with disability sport and active recreation in the future.



Here the disability sport and active recreation community means people who:

- work for disability sport and active recreation organisations
- do disability sport and active recreation.





Image source: Sport NZ





If things are going well in the future the disability sport and active recreation community thinks that:

- disabled people will be included in all sport and active recreation
- it will be easy to know what people need to do to get better at their sport
- there will be more resources for disability sport and active recreation
- the sector will work together better.









The things that could stop disability sport and active recreation from being better in the future are:

- not having enough resources
- sport and active recreation not being accessible
- the sector not working together
- people thinking that including disabled people in sport and active recreation is:
 - o too hard
 - o not important
- there not being enough people who want to work in disability sport and active recreation.



The report talks about some things that might change what will happen with disability sport and active recreation in the future.

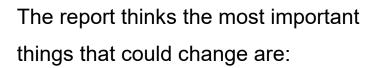


These changes might be:

- good
- bad.



Healthy



- how many people want to work in disability sport and active recreation
- what the Government spends money on
- how healthy New Zealanders are
- what New Zealanders think about disabled people



- how much money / time New
 Zealanders can spend on doing
 sport and active recreation
- how people feel about doing sport and active recreation.

Future scenarios



Sport NZ does not know what will happen in the future.



To help them plan for the future they thought about 4 **scenarios**.



Here **scenarios** are ideas about what might happen for disability sport and active recreation in the future.







In this scenario the sector:

- uses new technology well
- supports people to be active
- works together well.



Things that could stop this scenario from happening are:

people not knowing how to use technology





- people not having enough money to pay for technology
- the Government not spending enough money on disability sport and active recreation.

Scenario 2: Discipline



In this scenario the sector is:

- sustainable
- eco-friendly.



Here sustainable means the sector:

- does what it needs to do now
- makes sure it can still do the things it needs to do in the future.



Only paying for things you have enough money for is an example of being sustainable.



Eco-friendly means doing things that are good for the natural world.



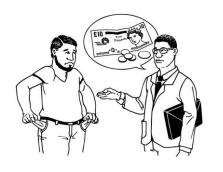
Recycling is an example of being eco-friendly.



In this scenario organisations in each part of Aotearoa New Zealand would work together.

Organisations would focus on doing things for their local area.

There would be less focus on doing things for all of Aotearoa New Zealand.



Scenario 3: Collapse

In this scenario there is not much money for disability sport and active recreation.



This means the **community** has to make sure disabled people can do sport and active recreation.



Image source: Special Olympics NZ

Here the **community** means New Zealanders who care about making sure disabled people can do sport and active recreation.



In this scenario people who work in disability sport and active recreation may not get paid.

Scenario 4: Transformation



In this scenario there are lots of changes in technology like:

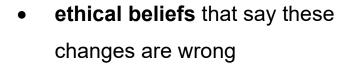
- doctors being able to change what bodies can do
- Al making sport and active recreation more accessible.

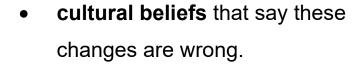


Image source: Sport NZ

These changes make it easier for disabled people to do sport and active recreation.













Here **ethical beliefs** are what you think about big ideas.

For example you might believe it is not okay to cheat in a game even if you really want to win.



Here **cultural beliefs** are how your **culture** changes how you think about something.









Culture is a way of:

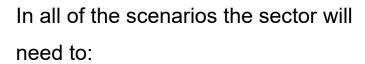
- thinking that a group shares
- doing things as a group.

There are many different cultures in Aotearoa New Zealand.

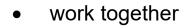
Some examples of the different cultures are:

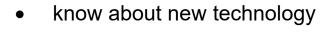
- Māori culture
- Pacific culture
- Deaf culture.











- support disabled people to be leaders
- work with the community
- learn from the community.





Where to find more information



If you have questions about the information in this Easy Read you can **email**:

accessible@sportnz.org.nz



You can find out more about Sport NZ on their **website** at:

https://sportnz.org.nz



This website is **not** in Easy Read.



This information has been written by Sport New Zealand Ihi Aotearoa.



It has been translated into Easy Read by the Make it Easy Kia Māmā Mai service of People First New Zealand Ngā Tāngata Tuatahi.



The ideas in this document are not the ideas of People First New Zealand Ngā Tāngata Tuatahi.



All images used in this Easy Read document are subject to copyright rules and cannot be used without permission.



Make it Easy uses images from:



Photosymbols



Change Images



Huriana Kopeke-Te Aho



SGC Image Works



- T Wood
- Studio Rebeko
- Inga Kramer.